

# **Student Satisfaction Survey**

## **RURAL SOCIETY DEFINITION**

Rural society means society that lives in village, and is dependent on natural environment.

These societies have a low density of population, intimate group relationship and are rich in culture and tradition. They are socio-economically less developed.

## CHARACTERISTICS

- Agriculture is the predominant occupation.
- Traditionally, their economy is based on agriculture having primitive technology and mono-cropping pattern.
- Small in size i.e., small geographical areas with lower density of population.
- Primary group behaviour, e. face to face relationship is found among villagers.
- Mostly they live in joint family.
- More traditional.
- Homogeneous in nature.
- Largely based on caste system, which has a hierarchical base.
- Group feeling and mutual cooperation is more evident among them.

## **SCOPE OF RURAL SOCIETY & Main Occupation of Rural Society**

Rural society is a study of rural happenings, relationships and interaction in the village society. From this point of view its scope is very wide and vast. Designing policies and programmes for rural development is not possible without the knowledge of rural social life.

Agriculture is the main occupation in rural areas.

# Types of Rural Livelihoods

- 1] Agriculture Labourers
- 2] Farmers
- 3] Farmers with Other Sources of Income
- 4] Rich Farmers and Landowners

## **The key issues in rural Society are as follows:**

- Development of human resources.
- Land reforms.
- Development of productive resources.
- Infrastructure development.
- Special measures for poverty alleviation.

## **How can promote rural society**

- Focus on inclusion of the poorest of poor.
- Community Managed Environmentally Sustainable Agriculture practices.
- Support to various strategies and ways of reducing drudgery of Mahila Kisans.
- Supporting institutions around agriculture and allied activities to strengthen livelihoods of the poor.
- Developing a wide pool of community practitioners (CRPs) to ensure participatory service delivery and country wide scale up of best practices.

